SAT Prep Advanced Math 3



CONCEPTS



- 1. If x 3 is a factor of the expression $x^2 + kx + 12$, what is the value of k?
 - A.-7
 - B.-5
 - C. 5
 - D.7



2. If the equation of a circle is given by $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 5)^2 + 75 = 100$, then what is the radius of the circle?





3. What is the radius of a circle with the equation $x^2 + y^2 - 6x - 8y - 75 = 0$?





4. A circle in the xy-plane has a diameter with endpoints (-1,4) and (-1,10). What is the y-coordinate of the centre of the circle?







The graph of y = f(x) is shown, where the function is defined by $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ and a, b, c, and d are constants. If f(x) + k graph has only one x-intercept, then the value of k can lie between?

A. 2 and 4
B. 4 and 6
C. 5 and 7
D. 6 and 8





6. The parabola $y = -x^2 + 5x + 6$ is intersected by the line $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 12$. What is the y-coordinate of the intersection closest to the x-axis?





- 7. The graph of the function f in the xy-plane crosses the x-axis at –4, 2, and 5. Which of the following could define f?
 - A. $f(x) = (x 2)^2(x 5)$ B. $f(x) = (x^2 + 2x - 8)(3x - 15)$ C. $f(x) = (x^2 - 7x + 10)(x - 4)$ D. f(x) = (x - 4)(x + 2)(x + 5)



8. In the xy-plane, the graph of the line $y = \frac{15}{4}$ intersects the graph of the equation $y = x^2 + x$ at two points. What is the distance between these two points?

A.
$$\frac{3}{2}$$

B. $\frac{5}{2}$
C. $\frac{15}{4}$
D. 4





The graph of y = f(x) is shown. What is the y-intercept of -f(x) + 3?



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The graph of y = f(x) is shown. What is the y-intercept of f(-x) + 3?





11. The function f is given as f(x) = 3x - 5. Which table of values represents y = f(x) - 3?





12. One of the factors of $f(x) = 2x^3 + 32x^2 + 120x$ is x + k, where k is a positive constant. What is the smallest possible value of k?



13. y = -1.5 $y = x^2 + 8x + a$

In the given system of equations, a is a positive constant. The system has exactly one distinct real solution. What is the value of a?





- 14. For the function h, the value h(x) increases by 35% for every increase in the value of x by 2. If h(0) = 20, which equation defines h?
 - A.h(x) = $20(1.35)^{2x}$
 - B. $h(x) = 20(1.35)^{x/2}$
 - C. $h(x) = 1.35(20)^{2x}$
 - $D.h(x) = 20(0.35)^{2x}$



15. $p(t) = 1000(3)^{t/2}$

The growth of a certain kind of bacteria is observed and its population growth, p, t days from the first observation, is modeled by the function above. By how much does the bacterial population increase from t = 4 to t = 6?

- A.18,000
- B. 16,000
- C. 15,000
- D.14,000

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16. A bacteria population, P, can be modelled by the equation $P = P_{0(3)}^{0.2t}$, where P_0 is the bacteria population at the beginning of the experiment and t is the time in hours since the beginning of the experiment. How much time, in minutes, does it take for the bacteria population to become 9 times of P_0 ?

A. 1

B.60

C. 10

D.600





In the xy-plane, the graph of y = f(x) is the result of translating the graph of y = g(x) down 5 units.

What is the value of g(0) + 1?

A.-3

B.-2

C. 2

D.8





18. $f(x) = -m^x + n$, where m and n are constants. In the xy-plane, the graph of y = f(x) - 3 has a y-intercept at $(0, -\frac{25}{3})$. If m + n = 20, what is the value of m?



19. What is the remainder when the expression $x^3 + 3x^2 + 4x + 5$ is divided by x - 1 ?





20. For a polynomial q(y), the value of q(-4) is 5. Which of the following is true about q(y)?

- A. y 5 is a factor of q(y).
- B. y + 1 is a factor of q(y).
- C. The remainder when q(y) is divided by y 5 is -4.
- D. The remainder when q(y) is divided by y + 4 is 5.



21. If the function f has four distinct zeros, which of the following could represent the complete graph of f in the xy-plane?







Thank you